

Making Education a Reality for All



M.VENKATARANGAIYA FOUNDATION

ANNUAL REPORT

2013-14



Contents

	Page No
Brief History	6
Charter	7
The Non-Negotiables	7
MVF's Approach	7
Outcomes	8
Challenges	8
Programmes	10
Elimination of Child Labour through Universalising Education	
1. Quality Improvement in Primary Education in Nalgonda District.	10
2. Quality Education to Achieve Universal Retention in Government Schools	11
3. Improving Access to Education for Marginalized Children	11
4. Enabling Implementation of the Right to Education Act through Involvement of Gram Panchayats, School Management Committees and Local Communities	12
5. Enabling Implementation of the Right to Education Act	13
6. Elimination of Child Labour through Universalisation of Education	13
7. Residential Bridge Course Camp for Girls at Hyderabad	14
Protection of Child Rights	
1. Child Protection Programme – Kurnool District, AP	16
2. Strengthening of Existing Systems for Prevention of Child Marriages	17
3. Fellowship for Protection of Child Rights	17
International Resource Support	
1. Righting the Future: South-South Collaboration and Capacity Building for Universalizing Secondary Education for Girls in Africa	19
Adolescent Girls and Higher Education	
1. Education for Girls in 15-18 Years Age Group	20
2. Support to Higher Education	20
Distribution of shoes –The 'TOMS SHOES' Program	21
Workshops/Conferences	22
Financial Statements	23
Acknowledgements	24

CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE



It is a pleasure presenting this report for 2013-14 of the work done by Mamidipudi Venkatarangaiya Foundation (MVF) in the field of implementing the fundamental right to education for all children in the six to fourteen year age group as laid down in the Right to Education Act, 2009 of the Government of India. This work is a part of twenty four years of sustained effort by MVF to show the way to completely eliminate child labour in all its forms – paid, unpaid or bonded, hazardous or non hazardous – through universalisation of education. MVF's philosophy as well as strategy in its efforts to eliminate child labour, evolved over the years, are now widely acknowledged and accepted by various governments as well as NGO's not only in the country but in many other countries where child labour is rampant. Whatever success has been achieved by MVF in its pursuits would not have been possible but for the deep commitment, dedication and perseverance of the volunteers, many of whom are themselves first time learners in their families. Cooperation of thousands of teachers in creating a friendly atmosphere for the children to be enrolled and retained in schools has also been a major factor in our success. Above all, the government of Andhra Pradesh not only provided funds for the work but issued several orders to facilitate the enrolment and retention of children in schools. These orders have now been replicated in other states as well. MVF is grateful to its donors – institutional as well as individual – for providing funds generously to carry out the work. We would like to mention particularly some of our major donors like the Sir Dorabji Tata Trust, The Axis Bank Foundation, Broadridge Foundation, HAQ and others who not only provided funds but actively participated in planning, implementing and monitoring various projects.

One last sentiment which I personally feel needs to be addressed is a clear definition of what the outcome of the nine year compulsory and free education should be. The UNESCO definition of literacy which essentially wants all literates to be responsible and responsive citizens of the country could be adopted and the content of education in the schools i.e., syllabi, text books etc., should be accordingly prescribed.

We assure all our well wishers and supporters that MVF will continue in its efforts to ensure that education should be a reality for all with the same vigour and determination in future also.

15th Nov 2014

Secunderabad

Dr.M.Krishnamurthi



Our Team

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Highlights and Achievements in a nutshell

MVF reached out to more than 5,00,000 children in 6 districts of Andhra Pradesh and two other states of India during the year 2013-14.

The focus of activities during this year has been:

1. On adolescent girls and their access to higher education in the districts of Kurnool and Ranga Reddy Districts and stopping of child marriages in all the project areas and especially in Marpally and Warangal Districts.
2. Improvement of quality of education in 226 schools in nine mandals of Nalgonda District with active involvement of school teachers and all other functionaries of the Education Department. The School Management Committees (SMCs) and the Gram Panchayats were trained on their respective roles under the RTE Act and school children's committees formed.
3. Orientation and training given to all the new Sarpanches of the Panchayats on child rights, child marriages and legal laws pertaining to the same.
4. Orientation and training to school management committee members on their roles, responsibilities and rights for proper functioning and maintenance of the schools in their respective villages.
5. Orientation and training programmes to partners from Ethiopia and Uganda on creation of 'child labour free zones'.



Brief History

The Mamidipudi Venkatarangaiya Foundation or M V Foundation (MVF), a registered trust, was established in 1981 as a research institution on issues relating to social transformation, in memory of the eminent educationist and historian Prof. Mamidipudi Venkatarangaiya in Andhra Pradesh. In 1991, MVF began working actively on the issue of child labour and released the first 30 children from bonded labour in Ranga Reddy District.

M V Foundation also extended its activities to the districts of Srikakulam, Vizianagaram, Mahbubnagar, Chittoor, Kadapa, East Godavari, Visakhapatnam, Anantapur, and Warangal districts of Andhra Pradesh as a direct implementing agency. Currently MVF keeps in touch with the program in all these districts through the Child Rights Protection Forums and offers technical support to them. MVF is gradually shifting its strategy from being an implementing partner to becoming a training and resource centre to other NGOs in the country as well as the government. In this capacity it has worked in very diverse states such as Assam, Chattisgarh, Bihar, Madhya Pradesh, Orissa, Rajasthan, West Bengal, Tamil Nadu and so on. It is also providing technical support to NGOs in Africa and Central America through the 'Stop Child Labour Campaign'.



Charter

The Non-Negotiables

- All children must attend formal full-time day schools, not night schools or non-formal education centres.
- All work/labour is hazardous and harms the overall growth and development of the child.
- There must be a total abolition of child labour. Any law regulating child work is unacceptable.
- Any justification perpetuating the existence of child labour must be condemned.
- Any child out of school is considered a child labourer. The definition of child labour therefore encompasses every non-school-going child, irrespective of whether the child is engaged in wage or non-wage work, working for the family or for others, employed in hazardous or non-hazardous occupations, employed on daily wages or on a contract bases as bonded labour

Arguments about the “harsh reality” of the family, poverty, the necessity of children’s earnings for the family, lack of interest among parents, poor quality of teachers and schools, irrelevance of education in providing education, loss of relevant skills among educated children, are all anti-children and go against their development

MVF’s Approach

M V Foundation’s approach is based on a firm conviction that no child works and that all children in the 5-14 years age group must be in school. In other words it recognizes the inextricable link between the program for universalisation of education and abolition of all forms of child labour.

MVF follows an ‘area-based approach’ as against a target based approach. This area based approach is inclusive as all children below 18 years in an area are addressed, irrespective of whether they are in schools or out of it. For those children who are out of school, it draws up specific plans to withdraw them from work and make all arrangements to prepare such children to be integrated into schools. For those who are already in schools, it plans to ensure that they are retained in school and continue to be so without any disruption. In doing this, child labour is prevented and children’s rights are protected.

Ultimately, the area based approach enables the declaration of ‘child labour free zones’ which would act as an inspiration for all others to join the movement.



Outcomes

- Emergence of a sustained norm within a community becomes ‘no child should work’.
- Development of the school as an institution that takes care of all aspects of a child’s
- Community takes ownership of child rights and influence neighbouring communities.
- All children are in schools and enjoy their right to education in the project area.
- The project area becomes a resource centre for all other areas in the country.

Challenges

1. Absence of a State commitment to abolish child labour in all its forms and a social norm that expresses shock and outrage against employment of children.
2. Combating the argument that ‘poverty is the cause of child labour’ and replacing it with the principle that children have a right to education and there can be no excuse for child labour.
3. Pressing the government to make adequate investments to implement the ‘Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act’2009
4. Lack of quality of education in schools
5. Getting the schools and the education system as a whole to be sensitive to the first generation learners and enable them complete education without any disruption.
6. Special attention to dalits, girls, tribal children, minorities and the physically and mentally challenged children.

During 2013-14 M V Foundation implemented its projects in six districts of AP viz., Hyderabad, Ranga Reddy, Nalgonda, Kurnool, Mahbubnagar and Warangal covering 700 Villages. It facilitated the programme in six other states of Rajasthan, Bihar, MadhyaPradesh, Gujarat, West Bengal and Orissa.

During this year M V Foundation has taken up special campaigns for prevention of child marriages, improvement of quality education in schools and facilitation of implementation of the Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education, Act 2009 (RTE Act). Strengthening of school management committees and training gram panchayats has been the special focus. Children who have failed in class 10 were supported and motivated to continue their education. Support is being lent to more than 30 students pursuing higher education courses. A residential bridge course camp is currently run in Hyderabad which covered 243 children and mainstreamed 123 children to schools.

While continuing with the existing partnerships to train NGOs working on the issues of child labour and education, MVF sent its resource person to review the programmes implemented by NGOs in Kenya and Uganda. Likewise MVF's expert resource persons have been deputed to assist NGOs working in Rajasthan and Gujarat. This is part of a fellowship programme that MVF initiated. It has also collaborated with TOMS shoes and distributed over 275000 pairs of shoes to children studying in government schools in the districts of Ranga Reddy, Nalgonda, Warangal, Mahbubnagar and Hyderabad in Telangana and Kurnool District in Andhra Pradesh.

Internships were provided to 17 students from India and 2 from abroad for doing their academic project work. A study on adolescent girls has been initiated to understand the institutional and non-institutional support girl children of non literate parents or parents with low levels of literacy have received to come up successfully up to the final year of secondary school. A Programme Advisory Committee that has experts from the Intermediate Board, Government of Andhra Pradesh as well as academics has been constituted to advise and review the progress of the study.

There have been nearly 300 visitors during the year 2013-14 of whom 50 were international visitors. All of them have highly appreciated the programme.



Programmes

Elimination of Child Labour through Universalising Education

1. Quality Improvement in Primary Education in Nalgonda District.

Project Area: Nalgonda District

Timeline: 2010 – 2014



During the year 2013-14 the project was implemented in 226 government schools across 9 mandals of the district with focus on improvement of quality of education in schools. MVF volunteers facilitated the linkages between the school functionaries (teachers) and the headmaster with the district and state level training institutions of the government.

Project Updates

- Reached out to 20000 children studying in Government schools
- Facilitated setting up of 226 libraries in Govt. schools
- Children attendance rates increased from 70 % in 2010 to 85% in 2014
- Around 1000 children shifted from private to Govt. schools
- Remedial coaching classes conducted for children in 200 schools.
- Subject teacher forums with 400 teachers formed for quality improvement in schools.
- 900 children committees formed in 226 schools
- 211 SMCs and 55 Gram Panchayats monitoring the programme of quality improvement in schools

2. Quality Education to Achieve Universal Retention in Government Schools

Project Area: Vaishali District, Bihar

Timeline: 2010 – Till date

MVF is implementing the programme of ensuring quality of education in schools in Vaishali District in the state of Bihar. Its emphasis has been in creation of awareness



against child labour motivating schedule cast, backward, Musahar and other dalit communities to send their children to schools and creating a consensus in its entire area of operation in favour of children's right to education.

The programme covered 16 panchayats and reached out to 34000 children. The major interventions in the program have been in monitoring retention of children in schools through the School Management Committees, giving technical support to the state run Residential Bridge Course camps and mobilizing communities to strengthen the school system.

MVF also conducted trainings for gram panchayats on implementation of RTE act.

Project Updates

- Nine Gram Panchayats regularly conduct review meetings with child related departments like schools, Anganwadis and health.
- Support extended to 3260 children in 32 RBCs and 20000 children in 620 NRBCs
- Reached out to 6800 children in 32 tolas of backward Musahar communities through special programmes and strategies
- 38 one day camps held for motivating 8000 children to join and continue schooling
- 8795 children enrolled in schools

3. Improving Access to Education for Marginalized Children

Project Area: Mahbubnagar District, Telangana

Timeline: June 2014 – 2017

The programme focuses on marginalised communities especially in an area which is known for chronic migration of labour resulting in homes being locked for half the year and schools being dysfunctional.

The programme is being implemented in Dharur and Gadwal mandals of Mahbubnagar District reaching out to 12000 children in the area. It focuses on holding meetings with the community and the gram panchayats, campaign against child labour, working in cotton seed farms, motivating parents to allow children to stay back home for continuing with their education, strengthening the School Management Committees and women's groups on protection of child rights. The programme also provides for scholarships for children from dalit communities for pursuing higher education.



Project Updates

- 25 dalit children identified and given scholarships at Rs.14,000 per annum per student for completion of graduation
- Orientation to the school teachers and SMCs to top discriminatory practices being conducted
- Significant reduction of children migrating out of the mandal and also as child labourers.
- Increase in school enrolment.

4. **Enabling Implementation of the Right to Education Act through Involvement of Gram Panchayats, School Management Committees and Local Communities**

Project Area: Nalcha Block, Dhar District, Madhya Pradesh

Timeline: 2011 – Till date

The programme provides trainings for gram panchayats and School Management Committees on the provisions of the RTE Act (2009), monitoring attendance of children in school and mainstreaming out of school children. MVF extends technical support by deputing one of its expert resource person to Hand in Hand (an NGO) who directly implement the programme.

Project Updates

- MVF has conducted trainings to School Management Committees and facilitated the staff of Hand in Hand to conduct social mobilisation for bringing children to schools, liaison with education department for improvement of school infrastructure and support to residential special training centres.
- 18 gram panchayats and one nagar panchayat have been given training on RTE act.
- 2500 children have been reached out to through the project
- School Management Committees have been strengthened to monitor schools in all the panchayats.
- Technical support is being given to one Residential Special Training Centre which has more than 100 children.



5. Enabling Implementation of the Right to Education Act

Project Area: Marpally Mandal, Ranga Reddy District

Timeline: 2012 – To date.

The programme focuses on preparing school management committees, gram panchayats and the education department to comply with all the provisions of the RTE Act (2009) with active involvement of community. It includes stopping of child labour, child marriages and child trafficking.

MVF also focussed attention on arresting school dropouts through active participation of School Management Committees and the gram panchayats covering 12000 children in 35 villages.

MVF conducted door to door campaigns against child marriages, established Child Rights Protection Forums, held rallies marches and public meetings, set up Right to Education Protection Committees, oriented gram panchayats on child rights and formed a Teachers Forum for Child Rights.

Project Updates

MVF reached out to 12000 children, 48 Govt. schools and 8 Govt. social welfare hostel

- Oriented 1500 community members on child rights and child marriages
- Prepared 150 community persons as resource persons for protection of child rights
- Mainstreamed 656 out of school children to schools
- Stopped 11 child marriages.

6. Elimination of Child Labour through Universalisation of Education

Project Area: Dornipadu Mandal, Kurnool District, Andhra Pradesh

Timeline: Since 2011

This programme focussed on child labour in cotton seed farms in Kurnool district of the State of Andhra Pradesh, and built capacities of the gram panchayats to address child rights issues. The interventions also include mobilising children to school, improving learning levels to ensure quality of education while working through the teachers' unions.



School teachers were contacted and given orientation on their role to abolish child labour.

Project Updates

- Initially household survey of children was conducted and in the process all those likely to be allied for the cause of children's right to education were identified.
- The programme reached out to 3900 children in 17 villages through a campaign against child labour especially in cotton seed farms and prevention of migration of children to other villages for work
- Child Rights Protection Forum and given orientation on laws relating to children.
- The cotton seed companies as well as the farmers growing cotton were also contacted and were given orientation and training on children's right to education and the labour laws.
- 30 farmers declared their farms as child labour free
- Summer schools conducted in ten villages for all children
- 17 Gram Panchayats taking an active role for curbing of migration of children.
- More than 75% of school teachers in the area actively participated in protecting children and their right to education.

7. Residential Bridge Course Camp for Girls at Hyderabad

Project Area: Bandlaguda, Saidabad, Secunderabad and Musheerabad and other slums covering 7 mandals at the city of Hyderabad

Timeline: 2008 – till date.

MVF's Residential Bridge Course Camp is focussed on girl children who are working as domestic child labour, engaged to work in household industries in the informal sector rag pickers, construction labourers and street children. These children constitute the hidden and invisible children of the urban population. The programme has shown that children can be motivated to go to schools even in an urban setting living under very difficult circumstances.

The project identified girls and boys who are out of school living in the slums of Hyderabad and Secunderabad. The MVF volunteers convinced parents through a continuous process of contact with the families and motivated them to join the residential bridge course. MVF also collaborated with the labour department to release children engaged as domestic child labourers working in apartments and

housing colonies. In this process it also networked with the police, education and social welfare departments. The print media and television channels played a very big role in creating publicity and awareness against employment of domestic child labour.

Project Updates

- The programme reached out to 18000 children from 127 slums, 115 govt. schools and 22 social welfare hostels
- A Residential bridge course camp for girls is established in the city for rescue and rehabilitation of child labour. During the year 2013-14, 123 girls in the age group of 7 – 14 have been mainstreamed to govt. schools through the camp
- 200 residential apartments, 600 shops and establishments have been declared child labour free
- 48 children who underwent trauma of child marriages joined the camp and were motivated to continue with their education.
- 300 children availed camp facility for a short time and got enrolled in local schools and hostels.
- 164 children mostly girls released from domestic child labour and sent to rehabilitation centres
- 78 girls mainstreamed through the camp are pursuing higher education.





Protection of Child Rights

1. Child Protection Programme – Kurnool District, AP

Project Area: Kurnool District

Timeline: June 2009 – to date

M V Foundation is working on abolishing child labour through a process of social mobilization with focus on girls engaged to work in cotton farms in 74 gram panchayats. It covers 15000 children.

Major Activities include survey of children in five mandals of Kurnool district; enrolment and retention of children in schools; enumerating and tracking migrant children; preventing dropouts; formation of Balika Sanghas (children's collectives); cultural campaigns; interacting and orienting cottonseed companies and farmers against employment of children.

Project Updates

- Child protection committees formed at village and mandal level comprising of 12 to 15 members in each committee.
- Setting up of Seasonal hostels to stop children from migrating.
- Formation of around 350 Balika Sanghas (girl child collectives) with 5000 adolescent girl children
- Facilitation of adolescent girls to continue their education in class X and above
- Enrolment of adolescent girls into the open school system and thus giving them a second chance
- Prevention of more than 150 child marriages and supporting their continuation in education
- Provision of skill development training for adolescent girl.
- Conducting training programs through Non Residential Special Training Centres to mainstream child labour



2. Strengthening of Existing Systems for Prevention of Child Marriages

Project Area: Achampet and Ambrabad Mandals in Mahbubnagar District and Thorur and Rayaparthi Mandals in Warangal District, Telangana

Timeline: 2012 – 2014

M V Foundation considers child marriage as a violation of human rights. In the process of getting children to schools it encountered several instances of girls getting married by the time they were 12 years old. Therefore it felt that a focussed attention on child marriage utilising the Prevention of Child Marriage Act (2006) would help in prevention of child marriage and also punish those who abet, promote or solemnize such marriage in accordance to the law. The interventions include strengthening existing systems to prevent child marriages. All district officials responsible for prevention of child marriages are involved through convergence meetings and synergizing their efforts.

The programme involved creation of awareness among communities against child marriages and also the Prevention of Child Marriage Act (2006), preparation of purohits and priests against child marriages, strengthening of child marriage prevention committees, holding of kalajathas and cultural campaigns.

Project Updates

- Project reached out to 5675 children of whom 2000 are adolescent girls
- 50 priests and purohits became anti child marriage activists
- 618 Govt. officials trained in building consensus among communities for prevention of child marriages
- 1175 child rights protection forum members prepared for protection of child rights
- 3000 adolescent girls oriented in schools and colleges on child marriage
- 53 child marriages out of 93 identified could be stopped.

3. Fellowship for Protection of Child Rights

The fellowship program of M V Foundation is to support and encourage volunteers who work on the ground for rescue of child labourers and victims of trafficking or abuse, malnutrition and so on from a rights based perspective. Some of those who volunteer full time for the cause of protection of child rights are encouraged through the fellowship programme. M V F shares the experiences of such fellows with other stake holders and hold government accountable.

During the period 2013-14 two Fellows worked for monitoring child rights, as well as mainstreaming children into schools and ensuring 100% retention in schools in Ranga Reddy District, Telangana

One Fellow from MVF provided technical support to 'Manjari', an NGO working in Bundi district, Rajasthan. Bundi district is famous for cobble making. This is an industry which employs children in the supply chain financed by MNCs. The intervention sought to prohibit child labour in this industry and mobilised community support to influence the companies not to engage child labour.



International Resource Support

1. Righting the Future: South-South Collaboration and Capacity Building for Universalizing Secondary Education for Girls in Africa

Project Area: India, Kenya, Uganda

Timeline: June, 2013 – May, 2016.

The program supports replication of MV Foundation's successful model in combating child labour by way of Universalisation of Education in Kenya and Uganda to increase access and retention of girls in secondary education while building community demand and accountability for girls' education.

Project Updates

- MV Foundation has trained the NGO partners from Uganda and Kenya on the basic principles of social mobilization for abolishing child labour and retaining children in schools. The partners made field visits to the districts of Ranga Reddy, Kurnool, Nalgonda and Hyderabad and interacted with all stakeholders. They had also prepared an action plan as part of the training and exposure visit to MVF's programme.
- MVF also sent its senior experts to provide support, knowledge and training and review the progress of activity in Uganda and Kenya.





Adolescent Girls and Higher Education

1. Education for Girls in 15-18 Years Age Group

Project Area: Gujarat and Telangana

Timeline: 2014 – To date

The programme has two components. The first is to provide technical support to 'Shaisav', an NGO working in Bhavnagar on dissemination of the MVF model. The second component is to follow up on adolescent girls who have dropped out of school in classes 9 and 10 and give them a second chance.

Project Updates

For the first component of the program a resource person from MVF was deputed to 'Shaisav' in Gujarat during the year 2013-14 to facilitate their programme for community mobilisation designing training programmes for all stakeholders and developing tracking mechanism for the children in the bastis. This was followed up with other field visits by experts from M V Foundation to Shaisav.

For the second component of the program 92 girls in Ranga Reddy District who have dropped out of schools have been identified and were motivated to join the tuition classes. 52 of them joined the classes against all odds as most were already married and a couple of them have children.

Under this program MVF made preparations to conduct the study of challenges faced by adolescent girls (first generation learners) in the 15-18 years age group who have survived upto grade 12.

2. Support to Higher Education

During this year support to pursue higher education was extended to 30 students from the districts of Nalgonda, Mahbubnagar, Ranga Reddy and Hyderabad for continuing Intermediate, Graduation and Post Graduate Courses. This support was extended for payment of college fees, examination fees, purchase of text books, note books and for conveyance. The above program received support from several individual donors.



Distribution of Shoes –The ‘TOMS SHOES’ Program

Project Area: Ranga Reddy, Warangal, Mahbubnagar and Hyderabad Districts in Telangana and Kurnool District in Andhra Pradesh

Timeline: June 2009 – to date

Tom's shoes has donated over 2,75,000 pairs of shoes touching 5,50,000 feet. A simple act of giving shoes to all school children studying in government schools in all classes for all age groups and all communities as exemplified the values of universality and togetherness, dignity and freedom, democracy and equality.

Every step of the process of giving showed care and thoughtfulness. It was appreciated by one and all in the village. School teachers too thought that it was a great programme as they knew that children needed and deserved shoes – they have seen how their students get hurt, have sores and have cracks in their feet and are in pain for want of shoes. Many a sarpanch, local representative as well as the police distributed socks. Because of shoes, it is so heartening to see children with tucked shirt, tie and a proper school uniform, neatly combed hair while going to schools. Such dignity they carry. Villages after villages are proud that their children have shoes.

Project Updates

M V Foundation distributed over 2,75,000 pairs of shoes during the year 2013-14.





Workshops/Conferences

MVF conducted the following conferences/ workshops/trainings during the year 2013-14.

TRAININGS/WORKSHOPS/CONFERENCES 2013-2014

Sl. No	Training/Workshop/Conference	No. of Participants	Profile of Participants
1	Sensitization on Corporal Punishment	46	TFCR
4	World against Child Labour Day	300	NGOS
5	Child Labour Free Zones in Africa	10	NGOs from Uganda and Kenya, ICDI
8	Meeting on Implementation of RTE Act - Issues and Concerns	15	NGOs, CRPF and Govt Officials
10	Balikala Sikshana		Children
11	Gram Panchayat Trainings	45	Sarpanches
12	Self Help Group	48	SHG Members
13	Workshop on Child Marriage, Education and Child Labour	57	Adolescent girls
15	Workshop on Gender Sensitization	30	Children
18	District level Child Marriage Meeting	92	Government Officials
20	Youth training	61	Youth members



Financial Statements

M.Venkatarangaiya Foundation Consolidated Financial Statements Income and Expenditure Statement for 2013-14

		in Rs.	
Fiscal Year Ended 31st March	Enclosure	2014 Rs.	2013 Rs.
Support/Revenue			
Grants in Aid	I		
Foreign Funds Programs		23,381,267	27,329,800
Local Funds Programs		14,621,057	35,280,677
Donations, Interests and Other Receipts	I	6,972,284	5,708,638
		44,974,607	68,319,115
Expenditures:			
Foreign Contributions Programs	I	25,916,607	20,997,017
Local Programs & Other Expenses		25,502,485	38,843,612
Depreciation	II	679,899	779,226
		52,098,992	60,619,854
Surplus (Deficit) Revenue Over Expenditure		(7,124,384)	7,699,261
Surplus (Deficit) brought forward from previous year		19,717,172	12,017,913
Balance Carried Over to Balance Sheet		12,592,787	19,717,172

Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2014

		in Rs.	
Fiscal Year Ended 31st March	Enclosure	2014 Rs.	2013 Rs.
Assets			
Fixed Assets	II	2,280,909	2,901,418
Fixed Deposits		33,575,422	32,151,617
Investments		100,000	100,000
Accrued Interest on FDs		234,011	0
Cash & Bank Balances		27,484,636	15,636,012
Current Assets, Loans & Advances		9,917,269	5,490,546
		73,592,245	56,279,593
Liabilities			
Corpus Fund		1,305,591	864,850
Institutional Support Grants		3,575,000	3,575,000
Bridge Fund		16,220,000	16,220,000
Revolving Fund		14,000,000	14,000,000
Grants Received in Advance		10,630,275	0
Surplus (Grants to be spent)		12,592,787	19,717,172
Other Current Liabilities		15,268,590	1,902,570
		73,592,245	56,279,593

As per our report of even date
For **RAMANATHAM & RAO**
FRN : 2934S
Chartered Accountants

for M.Venkatarangaiya Foundation

K. Sreenivasan
Partner

M.No.206421

Date : 25-08-2014

Place: Secunderabad



M. Krishnamurthi
Managing Trustee

M.R. Vikram
Secretary Trustee





Acknowledgements

We thank all our donor partners for contributing to the M V Foundation in its endeavour to protect children's rights and more importantly in reposing faith and trust in us to carry out our activities with full commitment and dedication.

Donor Partners

Axis Bank Foundation

Actionaid

Broadridge

GEW Foundation

Hand in Hand India

HAQ CRC

Hivos

ICDI (International Child Development Initiatives)

ICN (India Committee of the Netherlands)

Population Council

Stichting Kinderpostzegels Nederland

SCFR Stichting Charity Fund Rijsholt (Netherlands)

TOMS SHOES

UNICEF

Bankers

Bank of Baroda, West Marredpalli, Secunderabad and other field branches

Andhra Bank, Marredpalli, Secunderabad and other field branches

Corporation Bank, Shankarpally

Axis Bank, Begumpet, Hyderabad



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M.Simhachalam	Chartered Accountant
A.Vaidehi, Trustee	Professor in History (Retd)
Dr.A.Venkatesh	Professor in Pediatrics, (Retd)
A.Ramabrahmam	Chartered Accountant
A.V.Sadasiva	Chartered Accountant
Alladi Subrahmanyam	Chartered Accountant
M.V.Raghavan	Commander, India Navy (Retd)
M.V.Prasad	Chartered Accountant
M.Gopi Krishna	Engineer
M.Savithri Sravanthi	Lawyer
Dr.Dipa Sinha	Development Consultant.
M.R.Vikram	Secretary-Trustee Chartered Accountant